

What is so special about

GERMANY



because the entire society is very cosmopolitan.

1. What is it like to live in Germany?

Life in the Federal Republic of Germany is very diverse,

Family live Family traditions in Germany vary widely depending on the

region, cultural background, and individual family preferences. However, there are some common traditions that many German

families observe.

Germany is known for its network of bike extensive and cycling-friendly infrastructure. Cycling is a



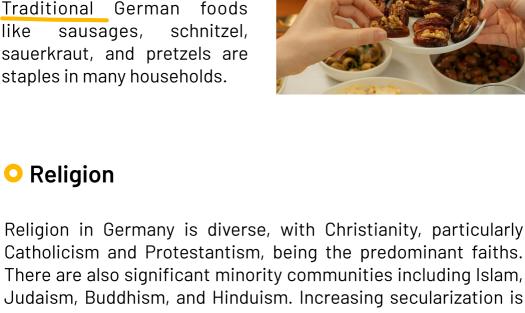
picturesque countryside, exploring urban areas, embarking on longer cycling tours along river valleys or through forests.

favorite family activity, whether

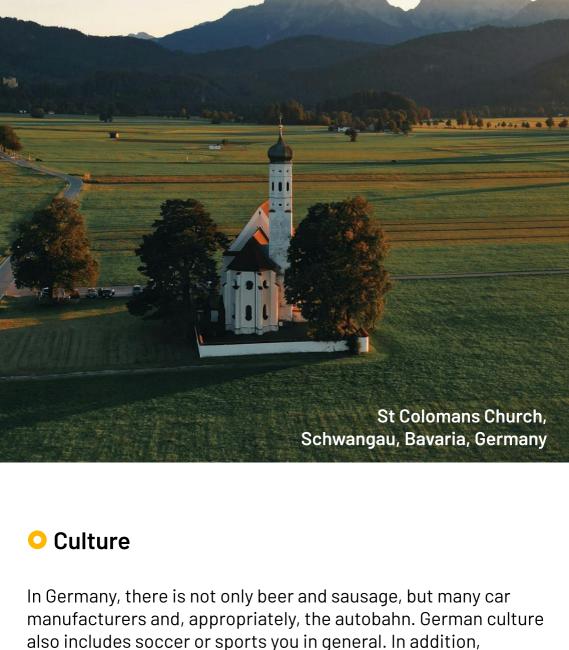
rides

through

leisurely



Judaism, Buddhism, and Hinduism. Increasing secularization is observed, but religious freedom is protected, allowing for the coexistence of various beliefs and practices.



dishes such as bread or potatoes.

celebrated worldwide. Traditional festivals, such as Christmas markets and Karneval, are cherished, while modern German cinema and literature continue to make significant contributions to global culture.

Additionally, values like punctuality, efficiency, and respect for

rules are integral parts of German cultural identity.

Germany as an industrial country is characterized by inventions that have conquered the whole world. The German cuisine is very hearty and especially meat-heavy. This is supplemented by side

> From the iconic Oktoberfest celebrations in Bavaria to the

composers like Beethoven and

classical music legacy of

Bach, German culture is



Employed

1. What is it like to work in Germany? Every EU citizen has the right to live, work and reside in another Member State, according to the European citizenship right of "free movement". Free movement is an essential component of "European citizenship" and arguably the most important right that individual citizens can derive

terms of access to the labor market, working conditions, taxes and social benefits. After entering the country, it is sufficient to

Anyone who is an employee and has already lived in Germany for

permanent residence. Upon request, the national authorities must issue a document confirming permanent residence. The right of permanent residence can only be lost by someone who leaves Germany for a continuous period of more than two years.

an uninterrupted period of five years acquires a right of

simply report to the relevant authorities by presenting your identity card or passport. A residence permit is not required.

Unemployed

If you have a permanent residence, it must be

registered with the local

authorities.

Anyone who has worked in Germany for more than one year retains employee status in the event of involuntary unemployment. This means that he may continue to reside in Germany, but must make himself available to the employment office. If an EU citizen has worked in Germany for less than a year, he or she retains his or her status as an employee and the corresponding properties for six months. Housing Family

If an EU citizen works in

school.

Germany, his family members,

regardless of their nationality,

children have the right to go to

also have the right to reside and work in Germany. The

You will feel at home in Germany: The high quality of life and comparatively low cost of living make Germany one of the most attractive host countries in the world. And Germany is international: More than every fourth inhabitant is an immigrant himself or comes from a family with an immigration history.

Rudi Carrell, Dutch entertainer

step of the way.

wonderful country."

We hope you've uncovered something new within this flyer, and we encourage you to embark on further discoveries through your own experiences. Remember, we're here to support you every

"Germany has given me ten times more

than I ever hoped for. I owe my life to this

Craftsmen Beyond Borders

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